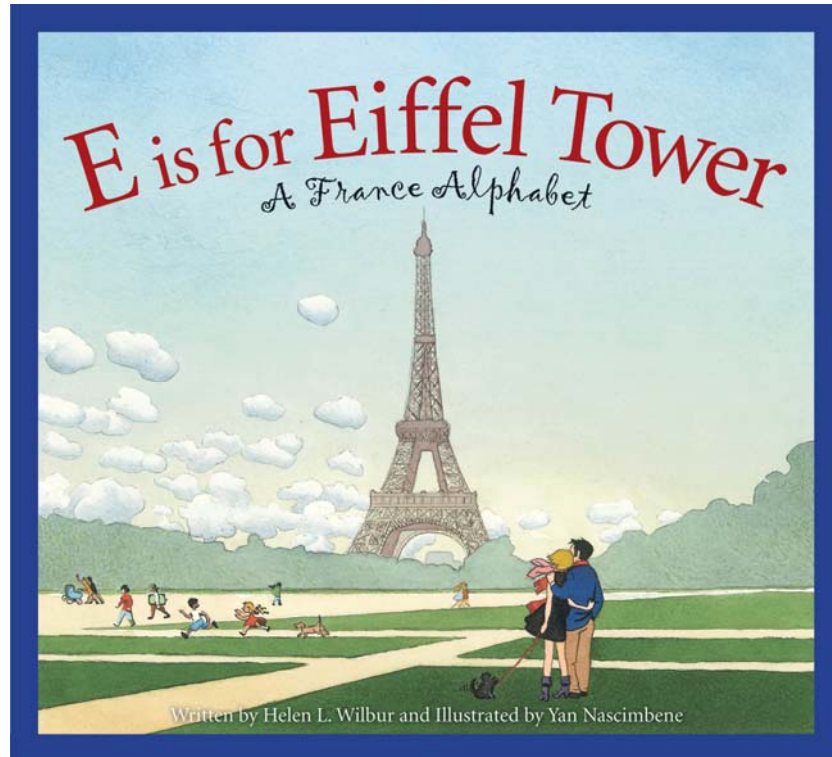


Teacher's Guide



E is for Eiffel Tower: A France Alphabet

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E is for Eiffel Tower

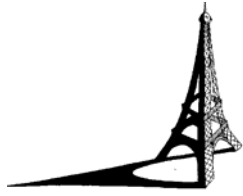
Timeline



Create a timeline using at least 10 key events in the history of France. Use the book *E is for Eiffel Tower* to gather these events. Label the year in which it took place along with the event that occurred.

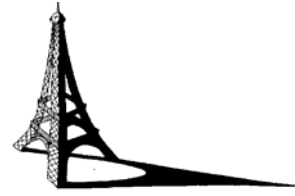
1909

Eiffel Tower was saved from being dismantled.



E is for Eiffel Tower

Story Problems



After you have read *E is for Eiffel Tower*, solve the story problems about the Eiffel Tower. Use the free space to show all of your work.

1. If there are 1,665 stairs to the top of the Eiffel Tower, but only 704 are accessible to visitors, how many are not accessible to visitors?

2. Every seven years the Eiffel tower is painted. It takes 50 tons of paint every time it is painted. How much paint is used in 35 years?

3. The height of the Eiffel tower, not including the radio tower, is 986 feet. With the radio tower, it is 1,052 feet high. How tall is the radio tower?

4. The foundation of the Eiffel tower was started in January 1887 and took five months to complete. What month was the foundation completed?

5. The Eiffel Tower was built in 1889 to celebrate the 100th anniversary of the French Revolution. What year did the French Revolution begin?

6. The Eiffel Tower was considered by many to be an eyesore. It was nearly demolished in 1909. How many years ago was that?



E is for Eiffel Tower

Design an Outfit



Many fashion designers began their careers in France. Read about a few of them in *E is for Eiffel Tower*. Design an outfit including accessories. You can either design an outfit for a male or a female. Below your design, you must write a short paragraph explaining what age group you would market it to, and where you would sell your product.

E is for Eiffel Tower

Sharing Words



There are many languages that borrow and share words. Below is a list of words you may hear every day that originated from the French language. Use a dictionary to define each of the words below that the English language has borrowed from the French language.

1. Suite _____
2. Cliché _____
3. Décor _____
4. Clique _____
5. Foyer _____
6. Chef _____
7. Crochet _____
8. Pastel _____
9. Corsage _____
10. Sauté _____
11. Beret _____
12. Critique _____
13. Ballet _____
14. Café _____



E is for Eiffel Tower

Fact or Fiction?



Read the book *E is for Eiffel Tower* to determine if the following statements are fact or fiction. If they are fiction, rewrite the statement so that it is true. If it is a fact, write "fact" on the line provided.

1. *Les Miserables* tells a tale of a man named Victor Hugo, a man who turned from evil to good through love and pain. _____

2. France has a representative government with executive, legislative, and judicial branches. The people of France elect a president by popular vote every four years. _____

3. The Louvre started as a medieval fortress which King François I tore down to build a royal palace. _____

4. The French people blamed Marie Antoinette for their troubles, high taxes, and poverty. She was imprisoned during the first World War. _____

5. Maximillien Robespierre was the mastermind behind the reign of terror, an event that killed many French citizens. _____

6. The Tour de France, the world's most famous bicycle race, lasts four weeks. The leader wears an orange jersey to identify him to the competitors and fans. _____

7. Bastille Day on July 4th is the national celebration of the storming of the Bastille prison in 1789. It marks the beginning of France as a modern nation governed by its citizens, not ruled by a king. _____

8. When allied troops freed Berthe Fraser from prison she said, "I'm finally free, and so is France." _____

9. Louis XIV was born in 1638 and died in 1715. He was king for 75 years. _____

10. *E is for Eiffel Tower* was written by Helen L. Wilbur and illustrated by Melanie Rose. _____

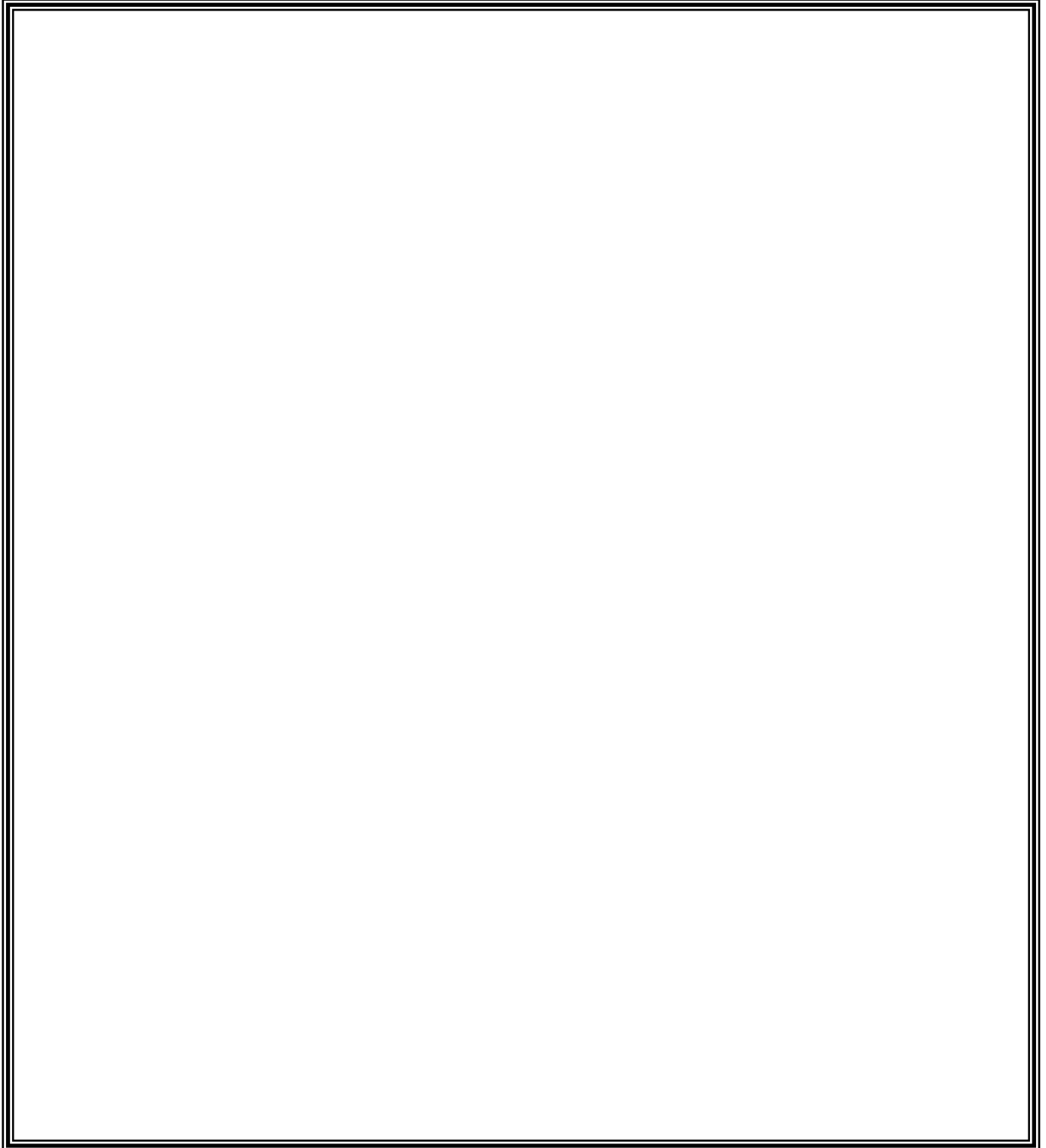


E is for Eiffel Tower

Bird's-Eye View



Bird's-eye view is the perspective as though the observer is a bird. Pretend that you are a bird perched upon the Eiffel Tower overlooking Paris. Use the book *E is for Eiffel Tower* to discover what Paris looks like. Draw a picture in the box below of what you might see.





E is for Eiffel Tower

Geography of France



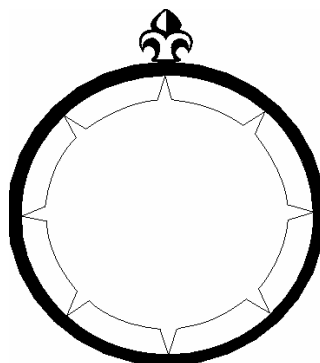
Use the book *E is for Eiffel Tower* and the map at the beginning of the book to help you complete these questions about the geography of France.

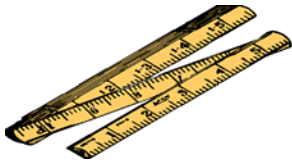
1. What sea is south of France? _____
2. What six countries border France to the east? _____

3. What is the capital of France? _____
4. What country borders France on the southwest side? _____
5. What is the name of the large peninsula that lies between the English Channel to the north, and the Bay of Biscay to the south? _____
6. What country is north of the English Channel? _____
7. Is Paris north, east, south, or west of Limousin? _____
8. What continent is France on? _____
9. If you were to travel from the Gulf of Lion to the Bay of Biscay, what three regions would you have to pass through? _____

10. The Strait of Dover connects which two bodies of water? _____

11. Complete the compass rose.





E is for Eiffel Tower

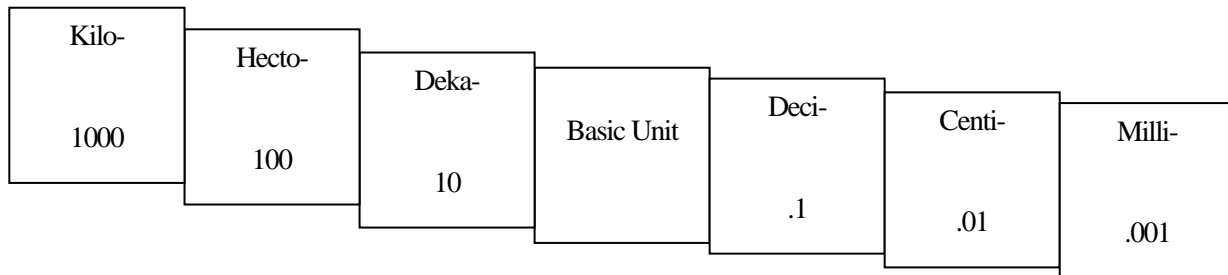
Learning Metric



The metric system is a decimalized system of measurement that was first used by the French in 1791. Use this worksheet to help you understand the metric system that all of the people you read about in *E is for Eiffel Tower* have used, or still use to measure things every day.

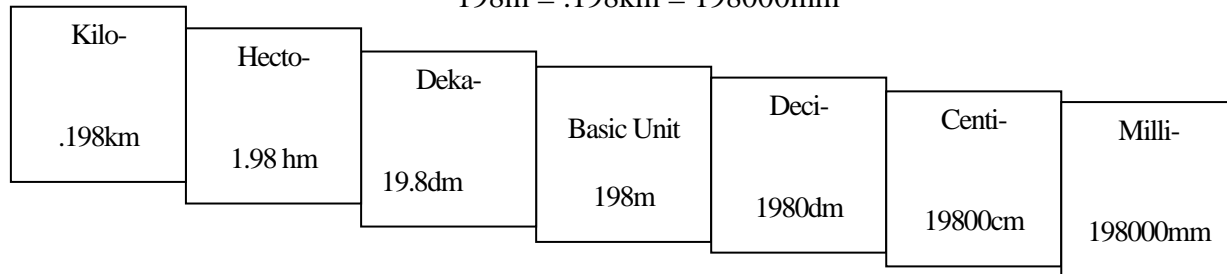
To convert to a larger unit, move decimal point to the left

To convert to a smaller unit, move decimal point to the right



EXAMPLE:

$$198\text{m} = .198\text{km} = 198000\text{mm}$$



1) $104 \text{ km} = \underline{\hspace{2cm}} \text{ m}$

6) $6.3 \text{ cm} = \underline{\hspace{1cm}} \text{ mm}$

2) $50 \text{ cm} = \underline{\hspace{1cm}} \text{ m}$

7) $1000 \text{ mg} = \underline{\hspace{2cm}} \text{ g}$

3) $16 \text{ cm} = \underline{\hspace{2cm}} \text{ mm}$

8) $14 \text{ km} = \underline{\hspace{2cm}} \text{ m}$

4) $2500 \text{ m} = \underline{\hspace{2cm}} \text{ km}$

9) $109 \text{ g} = \underline{\hspace{2cm}} \text{ kg}$

5) $2000 \text{ mg} = \underline{\hspace{2cm}} \text{ g}$

10) $5.6 \text{ kg} = \underline{\hspace{1cm}} \text{ g}$



E is for Eiffel Tower

Make Crepes!



Crepes are a popular food in France. They are like a very thin pancake. They can be filled with a variety of sweets to turn it into a dessert, or served plain. Try making them with the recipe below with adult supervision. If you desire a dessert crepe, read the hints at the bottom of the page!

Makes 8 crepes

Ingredients:

- 1 cup all-purpose flour
- 2 eggs
- 1/2 cup low-fat milk
- 1/2 cup water
- 1/4 teaspoon salt
- 2 tablespoons melted butter

Directions:

1. Whisk the flour and the eggs together in a large mixing bowl.
2. Slowly stir in the milk and the water.
3. Add the salt and butter, and beat the mixture until smooth.
4. Heat a griddle or frying pan to medium. Give it a very light spray of cooking oil.
5. Drop the crepe mixture onto the heated surface, using about 1/4 cup of batter for each crepe.
6. Tilt the pan with a circular motion so that the batter coats the surface evenly. "Thin is in" when it comes to the layer of batter.
7. Cook each side until golden brown (about two minutes for side one—batter will bubble; and one minute for side two).
8. Gently remove and place on a plate.
9. Place waxed paper between cooked crepes to prevent sticking.

To make these crepes into a dessert, you can add peanut butter, cinnamon and sugar, maple syrup, sliced fruit, or fruit spreads!

E is for Eiffel Tower

Learn French

In the back of the book *E is for Eiffel Tower* there are many French words translated into English. Here are more common words. Use the phrases in the book with these words to form longer phrases of your own!



Un	one
Deuz	two
Trios	three
Quatre	four
Cinq	five
Six	six
Sept	seven
Huit	eight
Neuf	nine
Dix	ten



Bonjour	hello
Au revoir	good-bye
s'il vous plait	please
Non	no
Oui	yes
Mere	mother
Pere	father
Frère	brother
Soeur	sister



Who?	Qui?
Where?	Où?
Why?	Pourquoi?
When?	Quand?
How?	Comment?
That's fine	C'est bien.



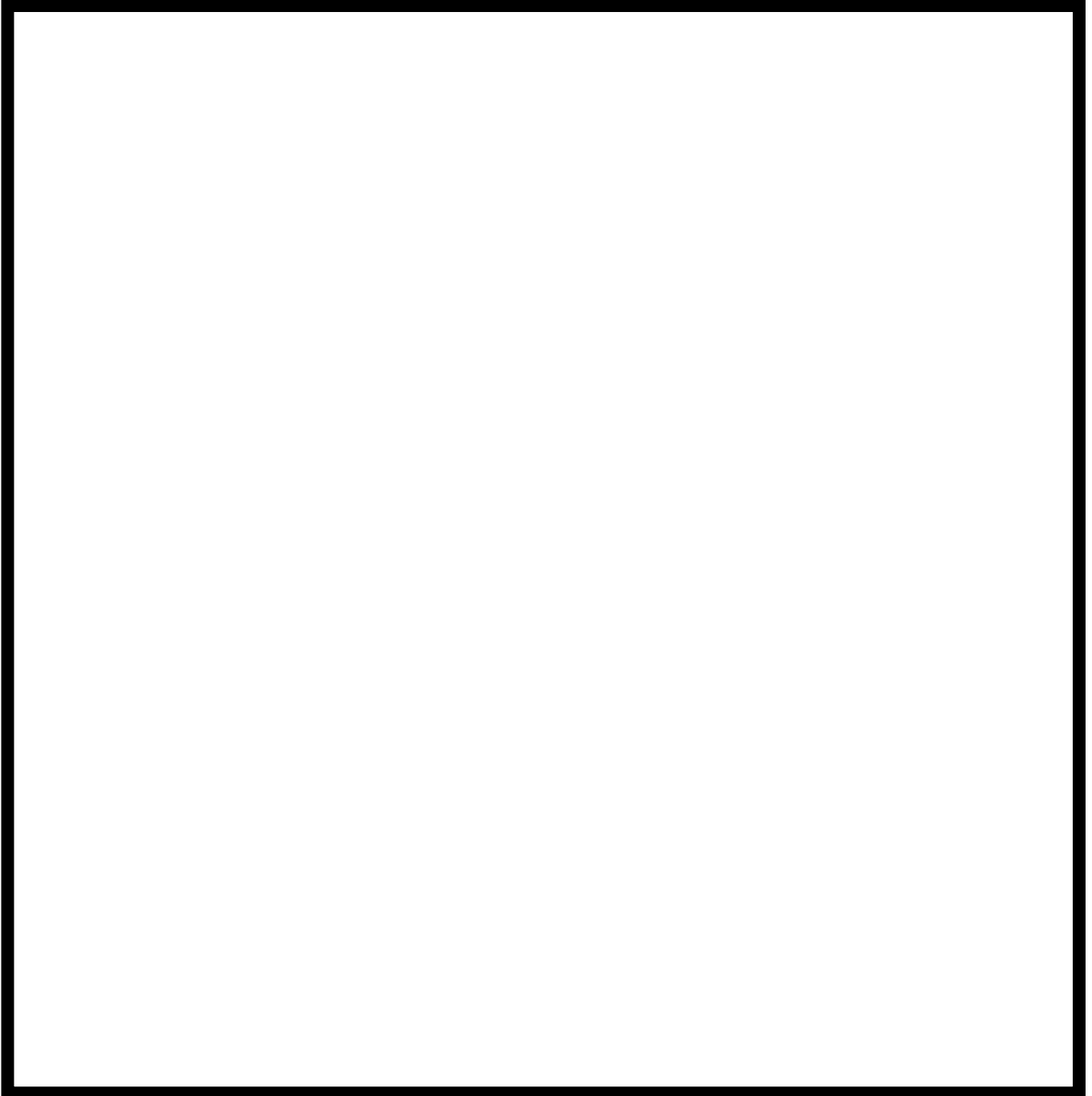


E is for Eiffel Tower

Impressionism



The book *E is for Eiffel Tower* discusses the story of French artist Claude Monet who broke the rules of the times. Artists were stuck either studying art inside, or copying great works of art. Monet went outside and started painting what he saw. Instead of a detailed reproduction, Monet and others used short rapid brushstrokes to capture light and moments of everyday life. This was called impressionism. Challenge yourself to go outside and find a peaceful landscape to paint using watercolors.





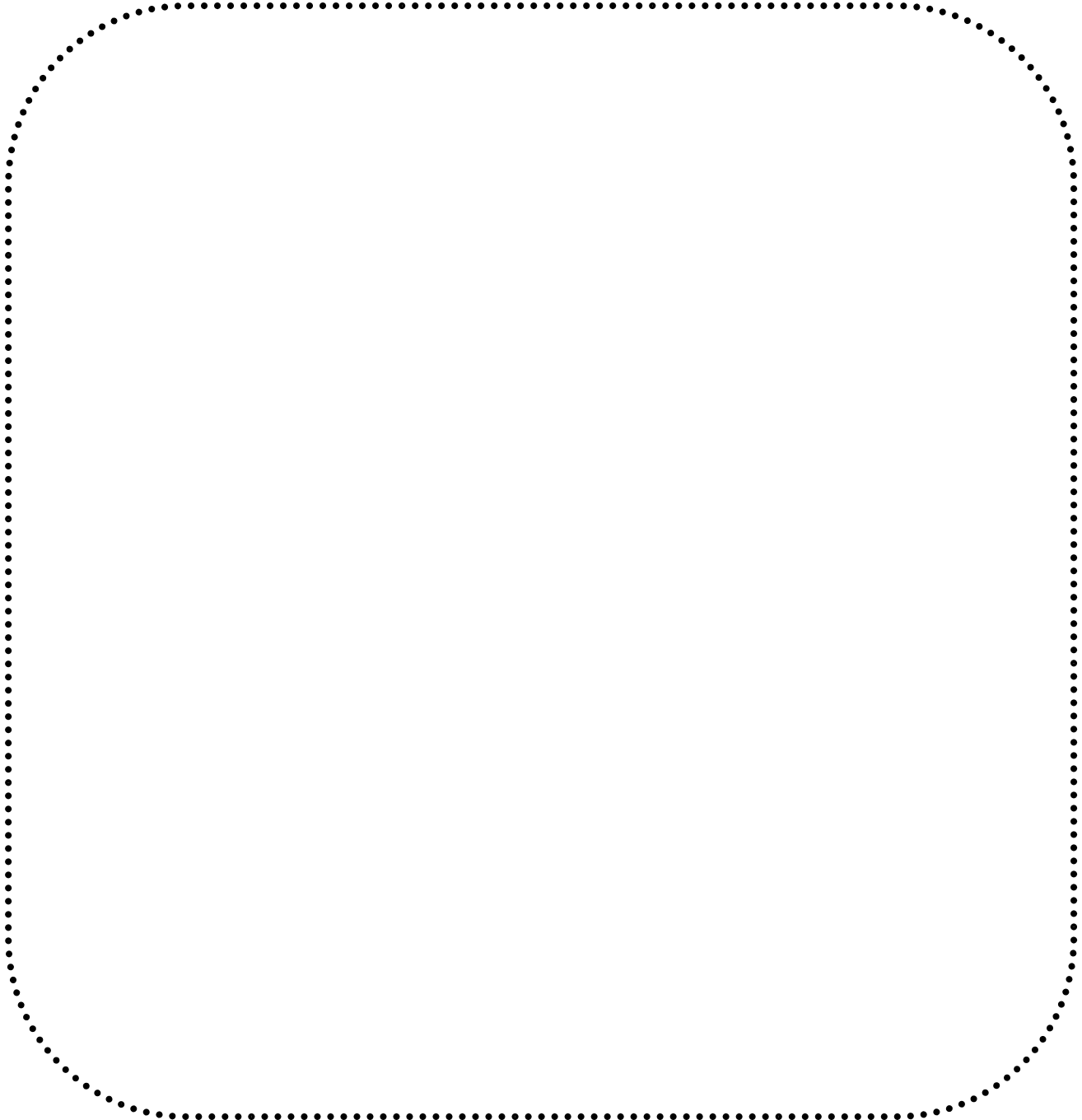
E is for Eiffel Tower

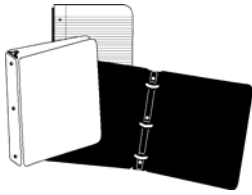


Travel Poster

Let your creative spirit shine! Create a travel poster encouraging people to travel to France. Follow the guidelines below to create your poster.

- Must have at least one word in French
- Must include a fact about one famous person from France
- Must include a reminder to pack and bring something (example: camera)
- Must include one historical event





E is for Eiffel Tower

Cinquain Poetry



A cinquain poem is a short, usually unrhymed poem consisting of twenty-two syllables. There are three different types of these poems. Use the book *E is for Eiffel Tower* to write three different cinquain poems about France!

Line 1: One word _____

Line 2: Two words _____

Line 3: Three words _____

Line 4: Four words _____

Line 5: One word _____

Line 1: A noun _____

Line 2: Two adjectives _____

Line 3: Three -ing words _____

Line 4: A phrase _____

Line 5: Another word for the noun _____

Line 1: Two syllables _____

Line 2: Four syllables _____

Line 3: Six syllables _____

Line 4: Eight syllables _____

Line 5: Two syllables _____

E is for Eiffel Tower

Answer Key

Story Problems: 1. 961 2. 250 tons 3. 66 feet 4. May 1887 5. 1789 6. Answers vary

Sharing Words:

1. Suite: series of items; a number of connected rooms in a hotel; set of music
2. Cliché : stereotyped expression; a sentence or phrase, usually expressing a popular or common thought or idea
3. Décor: style or mode of decoration
4. Clique: a small, exclusive group of people
5. Foyer: the lobby of a theater, hotel, or apartment house
6. Chef: the chief cook, esp. in a restaurant or hotel, usually responsible for planning menus, ordering foodstuffs, overseeing food preparation, and supervising the kitchen staff.
7. Crochet: needlework done with a needle having a small hook at one end for drawing the thread or yarn through intertwined loops
8. Pastel: a color having a soft, subdued shade; a kind of dried paste made of pigments ground with chalk
9. Corsage: a small bouquet worn at the waist, on the shoulder, on the wrist
10. Sauté: cooked or browned in a pan containing a small quantity of butter, oil, or other fat
11. Beret: a round close-fitting brimless cap of soft wool material or felt
12. Critique: an article or essay criticizing a literary or other work; detailed evaluation; review.
13. Ballet: a classical style of expressive dancing based on precise conventional steps with gestures and movements of grace and fluidity. Also, a theatrical representation of a story or theme performed to music by ballet dancers.
14. Café: a restaurant, often with an enclosed or outdoor section extending onto the sidewalk, or a small restaurant.

Fact or Fiction: 1. Jean Valjean 2. by popular vote every FIVE years. 3. Fact 4. French Revolution 5. Fact 6. Three weeks, Yellow jersey 7. July 14th 8. "Thank you, boys, you are just in time." 9. 72 years 10. Yan Nascimbene

Geography of France: 1. Mediterranean Sea 2. Belgium, Luxembourg, Germany, Switzerland, Italy, Monaco 3. Paris 4. Spain 5. Bretagne 6. United Kingdom 7. North 8. Europe 9. Languedoc-Roussillon, Midi-Pyrenees, Aquitaine 10. English Channel and North Sea

Learning Metric: 1) 104000m 2) .5m 3) 160mm 4) 2.5km 5) 2g 6) 63mm 7) 1g 8) 14000m 9) 0.109kg 10) 5600g